## OptiMat A Range of automatic air circuit breakers for currents from 630 to 6300 A



Range of automatic air circuit breakers of OptiMat A are designed to conduct current in the normal mode, protection and infrequent operation of electric circuits with nominal current from 630 to 6300 A . owing to their design they can easily withstand high capacities. Te devices are equipped with multiple types of protection, which allow to provide requirements of selectivity in the network protected. Different lock-in equipment is designed to prevent unskilled acts and protect operational and attending personnel.

Designation

| OptiMat A-630-S2-3P-85-D-MR8.0-B-C2200-M2-P01-S1-03 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\text { (6) } 7$ |  |  |  | $10$ |  |  | - |  |
| (1) Product range |  | OptiMat |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Configuration | A - automatic air circuit breakers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rated current In, A | 630; 800; 1000; 1250; 1600; 2000; 2500; 3200; 4000; 5000; 6300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (4) | Standard size | S1 - First overall dimension (width up to 280 mm , In from 630 to 1600 A) | S2 - Second overall dimension (width up to 370 mm, In from 630 to 2000 A ) |  |  | S4 - Fourth overall dimension (width up to 430 mm, In from 2500 to 4000 A ) |  | S5 - Fifth overall dimension (width up to 820 mm , In 5000 A) |  | S6 - Sixth overall dimension (width up to 950 mm , In 6300 A) |
| $5$ | Number of circuit breaker poles | 3P - Triple-pole |  |  |  |  | 4P - Four-pole |  |  |  |
| (6) | Limiting breaking capacity, kA with $\mathrm{Ur}=400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 50; 65; 85; 100; 120 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Design according to installation method | F - Stationary version ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  | D - Withdrawable design |  |  |  |
| (8) | Type of a microprocessor trip system | MRO - <br> Microprocessor trip system is not available | MR5.0 - of LSIG protection, current measurement (for S1, S5, S6) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MR7.0 - of LSIG } \\ & \text { protection (for } \\ & \text { S2, S4) } \end{aligned}$ |  | MR8.0 - of LSIG protection. With communications function via Modbus and current measurement (for S2, S4) |  | MR8.1- of LSIG protection. With communications function via Modbus and current measurement. Menu in Russian (for S2, S4) |  |
| (9) | Options of attachment | B - Back attachment (horizontal or vertical) ${ }^{2)}$ |  | F - Front attachment (for S2, S4 for currents from 630 to 2500 A) |  |  | 54 C - Combined attachment (upper - front, lower - back), for S2, S4 for currents from 630 to 2500 A |  |  |  |
|  | Type of control coils | Cabcd - symbol of the control coil unit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (10) |  | a-Actuating coil: <br> - 0 - not installed; <br> - 1 - installed 110 V AC/DC; <br> - 2 - installed 230 V <br> AC/220 V DC; <br> - 3 - installed 24 V DC |  | b-Shunt trip: <br> - 0 - not installed; <br> - 1 - installed 110 V AC/DC; <br> - 2 - installed 230 V AC/220 <br> V DC; <br> - 3 - installed 24 V DC |  |  | c - Second shunt trip: <br> - 0 - not installed; <br> - 1 - installed $110 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC;}$ <br> - 2 - installed 230 V <br> AC/220 V DC; <br> - 3 - installed 24 V DC |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { d - Undervoltage } \\ & \text { release: } \\ & -0 \text { - not installed; } \\ & -2 \text { - installed } \\ & 230 \text { V AC/220 V DC } \end{aligned}$ |
| (11) | Type of motor drive | M0 - Motor drive is not available |  |  | 1- Motor drive 110 V AC/DC |  |  | M2 - Motor drive 230 V AC/220 V DC |  |  |
| (12) | Вид систем защиты | P00 - protection systems are not available | P01 - isolating shutters are installed |  | PO2 - embeddable cut-in button lock is installed |  |  | P03 - isolating shutters and embeddable cut-in button lock are installed |  |  |
| (13) | Вид вспомогательных контактов сигнализации | S1 - Signal contacts 6a+6b (for S2, S4, S5, S6) |  |  |  |  | S2 - Signal contacts 6c (for S1) |  |  |  |
| (14) | Вид систем дополнительной сигнализации | 00 - Signal systems are not installed; <br> 01 - Indication of the circuit breaker position in basket is installed; <br> 02 - Contact of the circuit breaker main contacts closure readiness signaling is installed; <br> 03 - Mechanical cycle counter is installed; <br> 04 - Indication of the circuit breaker position in basket and contact of the circuit breaker main contacts closure readiness signaling are installed; <br> 05 - Indication of the circuit breaker position in basket and mechanical cycle counter are installed; <br> 06 - Contact of the circuit breaker main contacts closure readiness signaling mechanical cycle counter are installed; <br> 07 - Indication of the circuit breaker position in basket, contact of the circuit breaker main contacts closure readiness signaling and mechanical cycle counter are installed. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]
## Batch effectiveness



The presence in the overall design of S2, S4, S 5 , S6 of twelve ( $6 \mathrm{a}+6 \mathrm{~b}$ ) galvanically isolated contacts allows for the implementation of a large number of signaling circuits.


Conductive elements are made of pure electrical copper, which allows to obtain high conductivity, efficiency, as well as durable operation.


Compact dimensions of the circuit breakers of the S1 overall design make it possible to complete standard boards with larger amount of equipment, or, alternatively, use boards of a smaller size.


Application of special alloys based on silver for creation of a contact group, enabled to achieve high wear resistance and provide for over ten thousand cycles of electrical switching.


Modular design provides simple and quick mounting.


The block with screw clamps in overall design of S1, S5, S6 allows for quick installation of control circuits, without using additional crimps and soldering connections.


The availability of various interlocks (blocking the status of the switch in the chassis, blocking the closing, isolating shutters, etc.) ensure the safety of the maintenance personnel.


The possibility of changing the position of the terminals from horizontal to vertical in the overall design of S1, S2, S4 that enables the client to use the switches in the circuits with both vertical application of busbars, as well as horizontal.


Data transfer support via Modbus protocol in the releases MR8.0 and MR8.1 allows for the application of the dispatch system.


Warranty 5 years. Each unit undergoes multistage quality control from assembling to the finished commodity warehouse.

Various delivery and main output mounting options


Rear horizontal busbar
S1 connection type


Rear vertical busbar S1 connection type


Rear horizontal busbar S4 connection type


Rear combined busbar
S4 connection type ${ }^{1)}$


Front busbar S2 connection type


Rear horizontal busbar S5 connection type


Rear horizontal busbar S6 connection type

Note: See Technical data sheet for detailed options of attachment types delivery.
${ }^{1)}$ Combined attachment of busbars is individually performed by user on circuit breakers, which have capability of their terminals rotation.

## Selection guide


${ }^{1)}$ Feature mutually exclusive positions in the circuit breakers of the overall design $\mathrm{S} 2, \mathrm{~S} 4$ (installed in one cell);
${ }^{2)}$ Feature mutually exclusive position in the circuit breakers of the overall design $\mathrm{S} 2, \mathrm{~S} 4$ with a minimum release or second shunt release in the versions of the switch with MR8.0 and MR8.1 (connected to the terminal block into one U1 and U2 connectors).

## Technical specifications

| Series of circuit breakers |  |  |  | OptiMat A-S1 |  |  |  |  | OptiMat A-S2 |  |  |  |  |  | OptiMat A-S4 |  |  | OptiMat A-S5,S6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated operational voltage Ue, V |  |  |  | 690 |  |  |  |  | 690 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 400 |  |
| Rated insulation voltage Ui, V |  |  |  | 690 |  |  |  |  | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp, kV |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |
| Application category |  |  |  | B |  |  |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Suitability for isolation |  |  |  | available |  |  |  |  | available |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of poles |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3,4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manual Operation buttons |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical Motor drive |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Version |  |  |  | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | 4000 | 5000 | 6300 |
| Fixed | Rear | vertical |  | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | - | - |
|  |  | horizontal |  | + | + | + | + | + | + | $+$ | + | + | + | - | + | + | - | - | - |
|  | Front |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | - | - | - |
|  | Combined |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | - | - | - | - |
| Withdrawable | Rear | vertical |  | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | - | - |
|  |  | horizontal |  | + | + | + | + | + | + | $+$ | + | + | + | - | + | + | - | + | + |
|  | Front |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | - | - | - | - |
|  | Combined |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | - | - | - | - |
| Rated and limiting parameters of the main circuit of switches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated current In, A |  |  |  | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | 4000 | 5000 | 6300 |
| Rated frequency, Hz |  |  |  | 50 |  |  |  |  | 50 / 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |  |
| Rated ultimate breaking capacity (Icu), kA |  | Ue 400 V |  | 50 |  |  |  |  | 65/85 |  |  |  |  | 85 | 100 |  |  | 120 |  |
|  |  | Ue 690 V |  | 25 |  |  |  |  | 50/65 |  |  |  |  | 65 | 85 |  |  | - |  |
| Rated service capacity (Ics), kA |  | Ue 400 V |  |  |  | 40 |  |  | 65/85 |  |  |  |  | 85 | 100 |  |  | 100 |  |
|  |  | Ue 690 V |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50/65 |  |  |  |  | 65 | 85 |  |  | - |  |
| Short-time withstand current (Icw) within $1 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{kA}$ |  | Ue 400 V |  | 40 |  |  |  |  | 65 |  |  |  |  |  | 85 |  |  | 100 |  |
|  |  | Ue 690 V |  | 20 |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | - |  |
| Rated short-circuit making capacity |  | Ue 400 V |  | - |  |  |  |  | 143/187 |  |  |  |  | 187 | 220 |  |  | - |  |
|  |  | Ue 690 V |  | - |  |  |  |  | 105/143 |  |  |  |  | 143 | 220 |  |  | - |  |
| General wear resistance, cycles |  | with maintenance |  |  |  | - |  |  | $50000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
|  |  | without maintenanc |  | 15000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5000 |  |
| Electrical life, cycles |  | with maintenance |  | 5000 |  |  |  |  | 20000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
|  |  | without maintenanc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trip time |  | Break-time (opening) | ms |  |  | $50 \pm 10$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Make-time (closing), |  |  |  | $50 \pm 10$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Protection, indication and measurement devices |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Microprocessor-based release |  |  |  | MR5.0 |  |  |  |  | MR7.0 / MR8.0 / MR8.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MR5.0 |  |
| Overload protection |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  | +/+/+ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + |  |
| Short-circuit protection |  | with time-delay |  | + |  |  |  |  | +/+/+ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + |  |
|  |  | non-time-delay |  | + |  |  |  |  | +/+/+ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + |  |
| Earth fault protection |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  | +/+/+ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + |  |
| Changed current indication |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  | -/+/+ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + |  |
| Device status indication |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +/+/ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Additional devices (control and signaling systems) ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Auxiliary contacts |  |  |  | 6 C |  |  |  |  | 6a+6b |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6a+6b |  |
| Voltage releases |  | shunt trip |  | $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} / 220 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |  |  |  |  | $230 \mathrm{VAC} / 220 \mathrm{VDC} ; 110 \mathrm{VAC} / \mathrm{DC}$; 24 V DC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 230 V AC / 220 V DC |  |
|  |  | actuating coil second shunt trip ${ }^{2)}$ |  | $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \mathrm{/} 220 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |  |  |  |  | $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/220} \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \mathrm{;} 110 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC} \mathrm{;} 24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \mathrm{/} 220 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |  |
|  |  | - | $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/220} \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \mathrm{;} 110 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC} \mathrm{;} 24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
|  |  | undervoltage releas |  | - |  |  |  |  | $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/220} \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Indication of the circuit breaker position in basket |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -/+ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Contact of the circuit breaker main contacts closure readiness signaling |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -/+ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Additional devices ${ }^{1)}$ (locking, protection, indication) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Internal installation lock |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | -/+ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Protective shutters |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  | -/+ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + |  |
| Interpole partitions |  |  |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical cycl | e counter |  |  |  |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -/+ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical inte | rlock ${ }^{3)}$ |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -/+ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overall dimen | sions and weig |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Stationary with fiond | ont attachment | 3P |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | 361x4 | $462 \times 33$ |  |  | $421 \times 48$ | 82x332 | - | - | - |
|  | Withdrawable with | h front attachment | 3P |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | 353x4 | 999x43 |  |  | $413 \times 51$ | $12 \times 433$ | - | - | - |
| dimensions <br> (W×D×H) mm | Stationary with b | back attachment | 3P |  |  | 0×340× | $\times 490$ |  |  |  | 361x3 | 310x33 |  |  | $421 \times 31$ | 10x335 | $\begin{gathered} 421 \times 335 x \\ 391 \end{gathered}$ | - | - |
|  | Withdrawable wit | h back attachment | 3P |  |  | $0 \times 360 \times$ | $\times 530$ |  |  |  | 353x4 | 432x43 |  |  | 413x43 | 32x435 | $\begin{gathered} 413 \times 432 x \\ 492 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 970 \times 600 \times \\ 660 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1070 \times 600 x \\ 660 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Stationary with f | ont attachment | 3P |  |  | - |  |  | 52 | 52 | 52 | 54 | 54 | 55 | 65 | 76 | - | - | - |
|  | Withdrawable with | $h$ front attachment | 3P |  |  | - |  |  | 75 | 75 | 75 | 78 | 78 | 79 | 92 | 107 | - | - | - |
| Weight, kg | Stationary with b | back attachment | 3P |  |  | 33 |  |  | 41 | 41 | 41 | 43 | 43 | 45 | 48 | 59 | 65 | - | - |
|  | Withdrawable wit | h back attachment | 3 P |  |  | 53 |  |  | 65 | 65 | 65 | 68 | 68 | 70 | 75 | 90 | 98 | 240 | 260 |

[^1]Microprocessor trip system

| All the types of microprocessing releases |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MR5.0 | MR7.0 | MR8.0 | MR8. 1 |
| Appearance |  |  |  |  |
| Current protection | 1) From overload <br> 2) From short circuit with time delay <br> 3) From short circuit, instantaneous | 1) From overload <br> 2) From short circuit with time delay <br> 3) From short circuit, instantaneous |  |  |
| Measurement | current | absent | current |  |
| Power supply | External supply equipment: $-230 \text { V AC }$ | Power supply from current transducers* installed in protected network (at least 20\% of the nominal current) External supply equipment: <br> - AC/DC 110/220 V <br> - DC 48 V | Power supply from current transducers* installed in protected network (at least 20\% of the nominal current) <br> To provide data exchange external supply equipment is required: <br> - AC/DC 110/220 V <br> - DC 48 V |  |
| LED tripping indicators | Alarm indication of the function of earth short circuit protection/ alarm indication the function of overload protection/ alarm indication of the function of short circuit protection with short-time delay tripping/ alarm indication of the function of short circuit protection. | warning of overload | Indication of overload/Indication of overload tripping and short circuit/ indication of break without time delay/indication of currents in phases |  |
| Control buttons | Reset, menu, right | Reset | Reset, menu, right, right, enter, self-testing | Enter, reset, left, right, return, self-testing |
| Registration of protective trippings | 1 last tripping (current, time) | Absent | the last 10 records (reason, current, phase, time) | the last 300 records (reason, current, phase, time) |
| Communication protocol | Absent | Absent | Modbus / RS-485 |  |

* Power supply from current transducers is backup power supply system. When only using power supply from current transducers the release does not provide protection at closure on short circuit, due to the fact that it needs 3 seconds for uploading, and for normal information display and the release operation it is necessary that power circuits current to be at least $20 \%$ of the circuit breaker nominal current.

For functional operation and full protection of electric networks, according to specifications stated, the release power supply is recommended to perform from an external supply equipment.

## MR5.0 type



## All required types of protection

OVERLOAD PROTECTION:

- with long-time delay.


## PROTECTION AGAINST SHORT CIRCUIT:

- instantaneous with independent time delay;
- additional protection function I2t on / off (for protection with short -time delay).

PROTECTION AGAINST GROUND SHORT CIRCUIT:

- additional protection function $I^{2} t$ on / off

1 LED display;
2 Ig alarm indicator of the function of protection against earth short circuit;
3 IR alarm indicator of the functions of protection against overload;
4 Isd alarm indicator of the functions of protection against short circuit with short tripping delay;
5 Ii alarm indicator of the functions of protection against short circuit;
6 «MENU» button for access to different submenu;
7 « $\rightarrow$ » button of movement around the menu;
8 «RESET» button of parameters setting;
9 «IR» adjustment of the current setpoint value for overload protection;
10 «tR» adjustment of the overload protection tripping delay;
11 «Isd» adjustment of current setpoint value for short circuit protection;
12 «tsd» setting for a short delay;
13 «Ig» setting of the value of the ground fault current setting;
14 «test» testing of instantaneous short circuit protection;
15 «tg» setting of the response delay of the earth fault protection;
16 «Ii» adjustment of the current setting value for instantaneous short circuit protection.

## MR5.0 Liquid Crystal Display



To move to the request status with parameters, you need to press the «menu» button once, being on the main screen of the release.

To move to the query which parameter is set for protection against overcurrent, you need to press the « $\rightarrow$ » button.


Press the «menu» button twice to move to the response request status (displays information about the last response).


To move to the response simulation status at 6IR, press the «test» button. After actuation, you can see the following data.

To return to the default interface from any status, press the "RESET" button,

## Protection settings for microprocessor-based trip unit MR5.0

| Parameter name | Parameter value | Accuracy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Setpoint of operating (service) current ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}$ ) in multiples of the switch rated current | 0,4; 0,5; 0,6; 0,7; 0,8; 0,9; 0,95; 0,98; 1 | 10\% |
| Setpoints by the response time at current $6 \mathrm{I}^{\prime}$, S | 1; 2; 4; 8; 12; 16; 20; 24; 30 | 15\% |
| Setpoints by the response current in the zone of short circuit $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{sd}}$ in multiples of the operating (service) current $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{sd}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{u}}\right)$ | 1,5; 2; 2,5; 3; 4; 5; 6; $8 ; 10$ | 15\% |
| Setpoints by the response time in the zone of short circuit, s | $\begin{array}{ll} 0,1 ; 0,2 ; 0,3 ; 0,4 ; x & \text { (I²t off) } \\ 0,1 ; 0,2 ; 0,3 ; 0,4 \end{array} \text { (I2t on) }$ | 15\% |
| Instantaneous current setpoints ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ), A | 2; 3; 4; 6; 8; 10; 12; 15; off | 15\% |
| Trip current setpoints at single-phase short circuit to earth in multiples of the rated current ( $\mathrm{I}_{9}$ ), A | A; B; C; D; E; F; G; H; J* | 10\% |
| Response time settings at the single-phase short circuit to earth ( $\mathrm{T}_{9}$ ), s | $\begin{array}{ll} 0,1 ; 0,2 ; 0,3 ; 0,4 ; x & \text { (I²t off) } \\ 0,1 ; 0,2 ; 0,3 ; 0,4 & \text { (I } 12 t \text { on) } \end{array}$ | 15\% |



## All required types of protection

OVERLOAD PROTECTION:

- with long-time delay.

PROTECTION AGAINST SHORT CIRCUIT:

- instantaneous with independent time delay;
- additional protection function $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$ on / off (for protection with short -time delay).

PROTECTION AGAINST GROUND SHORT CIRCUIT:

- additional protection function $I^{2} t$ on / off

1 Return button after fault tripping
2 Indication of tripping:
PTI - overload. LED flickers when the current reaches the value 1,13 IR
3 Reset button
4 Testing device jack
5 Selection of I2t protection characteristic (set by the manufacturer)
6 The Ig switch sets the tripping current at single-phase short circuit to earth in multiples to the rated current (from 0,1 to $1,0 \mathrm{In}$ )
7 Tg switch sets independent or inverse-time delay in the event of single-phase short circuit to earth (from 0,05 to $0,4 \mathrm{~s}$ )
8 The Isd switch is used to set the tripping current in the zone of short circuit in multiples to the operating current (from 1,5 to 10 Iu )
9, 12 Ir and Iu switches set the operating current of the switch in multiples to the rated current from 0,4 to $1,0 \operatorname{In}(\mathrm{IR}=\operatorname{Ir} x \mathrm{Iu})$
10 The $\operatorname{Tr}$ switch is used to set the time delay in the zone of overload (from 0.5 to 30 s with a load of 6 IR)
11 With the Tsd switch, a short-time delay is set in the zone of short circuit (from 0,05 to $0,4 \mathrm{~s}$ )
13 Ii switch sets the reflex tripping current in the zone of short circuit in multiples to the rated current (from 2 to 15 In).

MR8.0 type


## All required types of protection

OVERLOAD PROTECTION:

- with long-time delay.

PROTECTION AGAINST SHORT CIRCUIT:

- instantaneous with independent time delay;
- additional protection function $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$ on / off (for protection with short -time delay).

PROTECTION AGAINST GROUND SHORT CIRCUIT:

- additional protection function $\mathrm{I}^{2} t$ on / off.

OVERLOAD SIGNALING.
PROTECTIVE ACTUATION RECORDING:

- record of the last 10 events (the cause of actuation, the value of the operating current, a phase and actuation time).

DATA EXCHANGE INTERFACE:
Modbus/RS485.
1 Return button after fault tripping
2 Actuation indication:
PTA - alarm indication in the event of overload
LTD - overload protection
STD/INST - short circuit tripping
GFT/ELT - tripping by short circuit to ground
Alarm - microprocessor trip operation
3 Button to navigate the menu and self-test operation
4 Testing device jack
5 Selection of I2t protection characteristic (set by the manufacturer)
6 The Ig switch sets the tripping current at single-phase short circuit to earth in multiples to the rated current (from 0,1 to 1,0 In)
7 Tg switch sets independent or inverse-time delay in the event of single-phase short circuit to earth (from 0,05 to 0,4 s)
8 The Isd switch is used to set the tripping current in the zone of short circuit in multiples to the operating current (from 1,5 to 10 IR)
9, 12 Ir and Iu switches set the operating current of the switch in multiples to the rated current from 0,4 to 1,0 In (IR = Ir x Iu)
10 The Tr switch is used to set the time delay in the zone of overload (from 0,5 to 30 s with a load of 6 IR)
11 With the Tsd switch, a short-time delay is set in the zone of short circuit (from 0,05 to $0,4 \mathrm{~s}$ )
13 Ii switch sets the reflex tripping current in the zone of short circuit in multiples to the rated current (from 2 to 15 In)
14 The Ip switch sets the overload alarm making current in multiples to the Iu current
15 The Tp switch sets the make time for the overload alarm from the moment when it occurs
16 Liquid crystal display
17 LED three-phase current indication scales

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## MR8.0 Liquid Crystal Display



1. Displays current and time settings. Displays setting values and events.
2. Display numbers or symbols. Displays current, time and simple symbols.
3. Displays units, time and current values.
4. Battery charge control. A $3,6 \mathrm{~V}$ battery is installed in a microprocessor-based release (lithium). Indication of battery status. Flicker with a frequency of $0,5 \mathrm{~s}$ means that the battery is low, replacement is necessary.
5. Indication of connection. Displays connection speed, address and screen settings.
6. Displays the measured current, phase and load level.
7. Displays information about alarms and commutations.

It is displayed for 1 s after supplying power to the microprocessor release, and then returns to the measurement screen.

| Image | Button | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , Finit |  | 1. On the screen, current in $R / S / T / N$ phases is displayed within 3 -second intervals. <br> 2. The current of each phase is displayed. ( $\downarrow$ ) The form moves from left $\rightarrow$ to right. <br> 3. LED bar graph shows the load level of each phase by $40 \sim 110 \%$. |
|  | $\checkmark$ | 1. Pressing the button $(\checkmark)$ is used to move to the next step. <br> - Measurement screen: moving to the next phase current reading. <br> - Adjustment of settings: View the description of the next setting. <br> - Viewing time: year, month $\rightarrow$ day, hour $\rightarrow$ minute, seconds. <br> 2. When pressed for about $3 \sim 4$ seconds on the measurement screen, the current of the displayed phase can be measured. (Press and hold for a short time, then release). |
| MENU | MENU | Used to check parameter values, view the alarm / event log, time and communication parameters. |
| S / I | S/I | 1. Used for protection with short-time delay response / instant protection, SELF-TESTING. <br> 2. Priority of the shutdown without time delay. <br> 3. Instant shutdown in the event when time delay is not set for protection with a short-time delay / instantaneous protection. |
| LTD | LTD | 1. Used for protection with long time delay, SELF TEST. <br> 2. Unavailable if long-time delay is not set. |
| ENTER | ENTER | 1. Used to view the description of the event / fault and change the date / time. <br> 2. After proceeding to the description, you must check or change the use of the MENU button, press the ENTER button to move to the next step. |
| RESET | RESET | 1. Return to the initial state after actuation, resetting event and alarm reports. <br> 2. The set of displayed LCD elements and the actuation information shown by the LEDs will be turned on for about 0,5 seconds. <br> 3. When displaying disconnection data using power from the backup battery, the LED indication will be turned off. |



MR8.1 type


## All required types of protection

OVERLOAD PROTECTION:

- with long-time delay.

PROTECTION AGAINST SHORT CIRCUIT:

- instantaneous with independent time delay;
- additional protection function I2t on / off (for protection with short - time delay).

PROTECTION AGAINST GROUND SHORT CIRCUIT:

- additional protection function I2t on / off.


## OVERLOAD SIGNALING.

PROTECTIVE ACTUATION RECORDING:

- record of the last 300 events (the cause of actuation, the value of the operating current, a phase and actuation time).
CONTACT PROGRAMMING FUNCTION.
RUSSIAN LANGUAGE MENU
DATA EXCHANGE INTERFACE:
Modbus RTU/RS485.
1 Reset button
2 Alarm indications
3 LCD display
4 Control buttons and adjustment block
5 Adjustment of the current setting for overload indication
6 Adjustment of the current setting for earth fault
7 Adjustment of the time setting for earth fault
8 Adjustment of the time setting for overload indication
9 Adjustment of the time setting for single phase short circuit
10 Adjustment of the current setting for single phase short circuit
11 Adjustment of the current setting for overload
12 Adjustment of the time setting for overload
13 Adjustment of the operating current setting in multiples of nominal
14 Adjustment of the instantaneous current setting (no time delay)
15 Multifunctional connector
16 Battery cell
LCD-display MR8.1

| Button | Designation | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input, menu selection (ENTER) | - Used to select the menu; <br> - Used to save changed settings. |
|  | Error reset (RESET) | - Used to update the screen; <br> - Used to update the error indication; <br> - When the trip information is displayed using the backup battery, by pressing the RESET button, the main screen can be turned off |
|  | Move left (LEFT) | - Used to navigate the menu or change parameters and select values. |
|  | Move right (RIGHT) | - Used to navigate the menu or change parameters and select values. |
|  | Reset (RESET) | - Used to navigate through the main menu; <br> - Moves to the «Save» screen if there are changes on the settings display. |
|  | Testing (TEST) | - Run the test using the specified test condition. |

The microprocessor-based trip unit MR8.1 includes the following main menus:

- Measurements - In this tab, you can see the current values of current and current readings in each phase.
- System - In this tab, you can change rated current, rated frequency, system settings, system time, password, language, assignment of digital outputs and self-test settings.
- Settings - In this tab, you can change the settings.
- Data log - In this tab, you can see information about the operations and faults.

The main screen displays the following information:


1 Display of the status of the internal battery and the menu titles.
2 Display of the load indication of each phase.
3 Display of the date and time.
4 Display of the exact current value in each phase.

## Protection settings for microprocessor-based releases MR7.0, MR8.0, MR8.1

| Parameter name | Parameter value | Accuracy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Setpoint of operating current (IR) in multiples of the rated current of the switch (IR / $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ ) IR $=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} \times \mathrm{I}_{u}$ | $\begin{gathered} I_{r}=0,8 ; 0,83 ; 0,85 ; 0,88 ; 0,9 ; 0,93 ; 0,95 ; 0,98 ; 1,0 \\ I_{u}=0,5 ; 0,6 ; 0,7 ; 0,8 ; 0,9 ; 1 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Settings by the response time at a current of 6 IR, $s\left(T_{r}\right)$ | 0,5; 1; 2; 4; 8; 12; 16; 20; 24; 30 | +15\% |
| Settings by the trip current in the zone of short circuit Isd in multiples of the operating current ( $\mathrm{I}_{s \mathrm{~d}} / \mathrm{IR}$ ) | 1,5; 2; 2,5; 3; 4; 5; 6; 8; 10 | +15\% |
| Settings by the response time in the zone of short circuit, $s\left(T_{\text {sd }}\right)$ | $\begin{gathered} 0,05 ; 0,1 ; 0,2 ; 0,3 ; 0,4 \text { (I2t off) } \\ 0,1 ; 0,2 ; 0,3 ; 0,4 \text { (It on) } \end{gathered}$ | +0,03 s |
| Settings by the instantaneous tripping current ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ), A ( $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ not more than 0.05 s ) | 2; 4; 6; 8; 10; 12; 15 | +15\% |
| Overload alarm current settings ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{u}}$ ) | 0,6; 0,65; 0,7; $0.75 ; 0,8 ; 0,85 ; 0,9 ; 0,95 ; 1,0$ | +15\% |
| Settings by the time of the alarm signaling actuation ( $T_{p}$ ), $s$ | $5 ; 10 ; 15 ; 20 ; 30 ; 40 ; 60 ; 90 ; 120 ; 180$ | +15\% |
| Tripping current settings at single-phase earth fault in multiples to the rated current ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{g}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ ) | 0,1; 0,2; 0,3; 0,4; 0,5; 0,6; 0,7; 0,8; 1 | +20\% |
| Settings by the response time at single-phase short circuit to earth $\left(T_{9}\right)$, $s$ | $\begin{gathered} 0,05 ; 0,1 ; 0,2 ; 0,3 ; 0,4 \text { (I2} \mathrm{I} \text { off) } \\ 0,1 ; 0,2 ; 0,3 ; 0,4 \text { (I }{ }^{2} \mathrm{t} \text { on) } \end{gathered}$ | +0,03 s |

## Information transmitted by the microprocessor-based release MR8.0, MR8.1



Time - current characteristics of switches with a microprocessor-based release MR5.0


Time - current characteristics of switches with a microprocessor-based release MR7.0, MR8.0, MR8.1



## Mounting accessories OptiMat A of overall designs S2, S4

## - Shunt trip

Shunt trip is designed for circuit breaker remote opening. Shunt trip causes circuit breaker opening in any operating conditions, when supply voltage remains within the range from 0.75 Ue to 1.0 Ue. It is unified for OptiMat A circuit breakers of S2, S4 dimension version. It is installed under the circuit breaker face panel in its own cell.

## Second shunt trip

Second shunt trip is designed for circuit breaker remote opening and it is a backup system of the shunt trip. Performance specifications conform to characteristics of shunt trip. It is installed, if there imposed additional requirements for reliability of the systems, which the air circuit breaker included in. It mutually exclusive item with undervoltage release.


| Title | Independent trip device OptiMat A-230AC/DC-UHL3 (TC3) | Independent trip device OptiMat A-110AC/DC-UHL3 (TC3) | Independent trip device OptiMat A-24DC-UHL3 (TC3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reference | 217987 | 217986 | 272026 |
| Operating voltage, V | 230 AC/DC | 110 AC/DC | 24 DC |
| Range of operating voltages | (0,75-1,1) Ue |  |  |
| Power consumption, VA, W | 200 |  |  |
| Operation mode | Short-time (impulse) |  |  |
| Break - time, ms | not more than 50 |  |  |

## Closing coil



The closing coil is designed for circuit breaker remote closure. It is unified for OptiMat A circuit breakers of S2, S4 dimension version. It is installed under the circuit breaker face panel in its own cell.

| Title | Closing coil OptiMat A-230AC/ DC-UHL3 (TC3) | Closing coil OptiMat A-110AC/ DC-UHL3 (TC3) | Closing coil OptiMat A-24DC- <br> UHL3 (TC3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reference | 217989 | 217988 | 272020 |
| Operating voltage, V | 230 AC/DC | 110 AC/DC | 24 DC |
| Range of operating voltages | (0,75-1,1) Ue |  |  |
| Power consumption, VA, W | 200 |  |  |
| Operation mode | Short-time (impulse) |  |  |
| Break - time, ms | not more than 50 |  |  |

## Undervoltage release



Undervoltage release is designed for circuit breaker opening when voltage drops below established parameters. When there is no supply voltage on shunt trip automated or manual closure is impossible. Undervoltage release causes circuit breaker opening in any operating conditions, when supply voltage varies in the range from 0.75 to 1.1 Ur . The circuit breaker closure becomes possible at 0.75 through 1.1 Ur voltage supply to undervoltage release. The instrument is unified for OptiMat A circuit breakers of S2, S4 dimension version. It is installed under the circuit breaker face panel in its own cell. It mutually exclusive item with the second shunt trip.

| Title | Undervoltage release OptiMat A-230AC/DC-UHL3 (TCB) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Reference | 217994 |
| Operating voltage, V | 230 AC/DC |
| Range of operating voltages | $(0,75-1,1)$ Ue |
| Power consumption, VA | 200 |
| Operation mode | Short-time (impulse) |
| Break - time, ms | not more than 50 |

## Signaling contact of the switch availability for closing the main contacts



Signaling contact of the circuit breaker main contacts closure readiness signaling is designed to inform of the spring condition (winded up/ not winded up), which turns the circuit breaker on. It is unified for OptiMat A circuit breakers of S2, S4 dimension version. It is installed under the circuit breaker's face panel in its own cell.

| Title | Signaling contact of the switch availability for closing the main contacts of OptiMat A630-4000-UHL3(TC3) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Voltage, V | Active load, A |
| Alternating current, VA | 250 | 8 |
|  | 125 | 16 |
| Direct current, W | 250 | 0,3 |
|  | 125 | 0,6 |

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Auxiliary contacts


Auxiliary contacts are designed for signaling of the circuit breaker condition. The devices are unified for OptiMat A circuit breakers of S2, S4 dimension version. They are installed under the circuit breaker face panel in its own cell.

| Title |  | Inductive load |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alternating current | 250 V | 5 A |  |
| Direct current | 30 V | 3 A |  |
| Number of used contacts |  | $6 \mathrm{a}+6 \mathrm{~b}$ |  |

## - Set of connectors for control circuits



A set of connectors for control circuits serves for electric connection of the air circuit breaker systems with the main control body. It is mounted to external electric wiring and connected to circuit breaker. It is the part of basic configuration of the circuit breakers of withdrawable (roll-out) version of S2, S4 dimension version.

| Title |  | OptiMat A-UHL3 (TC3) <br> Refers |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Reference |  | 234555 |
| Delivery <br> quantity | Plastic terminal block | 2 |
|  | Female contact | 15 |

## Motor drive



Motor drive is designed to windup circuit breaker's actuating spring. In the absence of power supply for the motor drive actuating spring windup to be performed manually. The device is unified for OptiMat A circuit breakers of S2, S4 dimension version. It is installed under the circuit breaker's face panel in its own cell.

| Title | Motor drive OptiMat A630-4000-230AC / DC-UHL3 (TC3) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Reference | 235993 |
| Operating voltage, V | 230AC / 220DC |
| Maximum current consumption, A | 0,5 |
| Motor rotational speed, rpm | $16000-19000$ |
| Maximum starting current | 5 In |
| Arming time, s | not more than 5 |
| Insulation strength | 2 kV within 1 min |
| Operating temperature range, ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+60$ |
| Operating frequency | no more than 2 times / min |
| Mechanical life | 20,000 cycles |

## Connection lock



Built-in connection lock is designed for interlock of closure (it locks circuit breaker in opened position). It is impossible to unlock circuit breaker without a suitable key. The device is unified for OptiMat A circuit breakers of S2, S4 dimension version. It is installed under the circuit breaker face panel in its own cell.

| Title | OptiMat A <br> built-in connection lock |
| :--- | :---: |
| Reference | 217999 |
| Number of keys in <br> the set, pcs | 1 |

## Isolating shutters



Isolating shutters are designed to exclude access to plug-in contacts when circuit breaker is in position «rolled out» or «test» (protection class IP20). They are installed in basket of circuit breaker.

| Dimension of circuit breaker | Title | Reference |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Dimension I up to 2000 A | Isolating shutters OptiMat A630-2000-UHL3 (TC3) | 242118 |
| Dimension II up to 4000 A | Isolating shutters OptiMat A2500-4000-UHL3 (TC3) | 242119 |

## Indication of the circuit breaker position in basket



Position indication shows condition of the circuit breaker: ROLLED IN/TEST/ROLLED OUT. It is installed on the left and on the right from circuit breaker on its basket. It is unified for $\mathrm{S} 2, \mathrm{~S} 4$ dimension version.

| Title | Indication of the circuit breaker position in the basket OptiMat A-UHL3 (TC3) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reference | OptiMat A-UHL3 (TC3)$267249$ |  |  |
| Voltage, V |  | Active load | Inductive load |
| Alternating current, VA | 250 | 5 | 2,5 |
|  | 125 | 10 | 10 |
|  | 250 | 3 | 1,5 |
| current, W | 125 | 10 | 10 |

- Controller of the undervoltage release tripping delay


Controller is designed to prevent undervoltage release tripping in case of short-time outages or voltage slumps of supply equipment. For connection as the part of the circuit breaker an undervoltage release is necessary. To be installed on DINrail or side wall of circuit breaker.

| Title | Controller of OptiMat A-UHL3 (TC3) undervoltage release tripping delay |
| :--- | :---: |
| Reference | 236607 |
| Delay time, s | 0,$5 ; 1,0 ; 1,5 ; 3$ |

## Interpole partitions

| D © P | - DiP | Interpole partitions are designed to prevent interphase short circuit formation. The devices are unified for OptiMat A circuit breakers of S2, S4 dimension version. The respective slots are installed between the circuit breaker's main terminals. They are the part of basic configuration. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Title | Interpole partitions OptiMat A630-4000-UHL3(TC3)-2 pcs |
| $\square$ | 而 | Reference | 269618 |
|  |  | Number of barriers in the set | 2 |

- Mechanical cycle counter


Mechanical cycle counter is designed to indicate number of cycles of closure/opening. It is unified for OptiMat A circuit breakers of S2, S4 dimension version. It is installed under the circuit breaker's face panel in its own cell.

## Lifting clamps


| Lifting clamps are designed to facilitate lifting and movement of circuit breaker.

| Title | Lifting clamps OptiMat A-UHL3(TC3)-2pcs |
| :--- | :---: |
| Reference | 240745 |

## Microprocessing release reset mechanism



Module at the baseline of microprocessor trip system is equipped with button for manual reset after tripping from the microprocessor trip system. At tripping of circuit breaker the button being moved forward. For circuit breaker closing, press the button. It is unified for OptiMat A circuit breakers of $\mathrm{S} 2, \mathrm{~S} 4$ dimension version. It is installed under the circuit breaker face panel in its own cell. It is the part of basic configuration.

## - Mechanical interlocking



Mechanical interlocking is designed to interlock the on/off operations of two or three automatic circuit breakers. It is unified for size versions S2, S4. Only retractable versions of circuit breakers are equipped with mechanical interlock.

| Title | Reference |
| :--- | :---: |
| Mechanical interlock kit for 2 OptiMat A630-4000-UHL3 (TC3) | 242120 |
| Mechanical interlock kit for 3 OptiMat A630-4000-UHL3 (TC3) | 248580 |



## Front panel frame ${ }^{1)}$



Front panel frame is designed to prevent touching sharp edge of cutout. In addition, it protects front prominent part of circuit breaker. It is installed on the front panel of distributing gear.

| Title | Reference |
| :--- | :---: |
| Front panel frame of the fixed OptiMat A 630-2000A-UHL3 (TC3) | 246228 |
| Front panel frame of the fixed OptiMat A 2500-4000A-UHL3 (TC3) | 246232 |
| Front panel frame of the withdrawable OptiMat A 630-2000A-UHL3 (TC3) | 246233 |
| Front panel frame of the withdrawable OptiMat A 2500-4000A-UHL3 (TC3) | 249399 |

${ }^{1)}$ For circuit breakers of S2, S4 dimension version, frames are delivered separately, for circuit breakers of SI, S5, S6 dimension version, frames are delivered as one set.

## OptiMat A Mounting accessories of S1, S5, S6 dimension versions

## - Actuating coil and shunt trip

Actuating coil is designed for circuit breaker remote closure, and shunt trip is designed for the circuit breaker remote opening. They are designed for operation alternating and direct current circuit.

|  |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Operating voltage Ue, V | 230AC/220DC |
| Operating voltage range, V | $(0,7 \sim 1,1)$ Ue |
| Power consumption V / A or W | 200 |
| Break-time | $50 \pm 10 \mathrm{~ms}$ |

## Motor drive

Motor drive is designed for remote windup of circuit breaker's mechanism preliminary pressing of actuating spring, i.e. preparation of the circuit breaker for closure. Nominal mode of the motor drive operation is shorttime mode. The motor drive is designed for operation alternating and direct current circuit.

|  |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Operating voltage Ue, V | $230 \mathrm{AC} / 220 \mathrm{DC}$ |
| Operating voltage range, V | $(0,85 \sim 1,1) \mathrm{Ue}$ |
| Power consumption V A or W | 150 |
| Arming (retraction) time, s | $<8$ |
| Frequency of arming | up to three cycles per minute |

## Wiring diagrams of OptiMat A

Electric circuit diagram of circuit breaker with semiconductor release of MR5.0 type of S1 dimension version


## Electric circuit diagram of circuit breaker without semiconductor release of S2, S4 dimension version



Electric circuit diagram of circuit breaker with semiconductor release of MR8.0 type of S2, S4 dimension version


Connections which performed by the consumer are symbolized by dot line.

## Electric circuit diagram of circuit breaker with semiconductor release of MR7.0 type of S2, S4 dimension version



Electric circuit diagram of circuit breaker with semiconductor release of MR8.1 type of S2, S4 dimension version

Connections which performed by the consumer are symbolized by dot line.

## Electric circuit diagram of circuit breaker with semiconductor release of MR5.0 type of S5, S6 dimension version



* Terminal «54» (winded up) galvanically not isolated from terminal «56»

Connections which performed by the consumer are symbolized by dot line.

## Overall, mounting and connection dimensions (mm)

OptiMat A-630-1600-S1-3P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal currents of 630-1600 A with rear horizontal terminal location


OptiMat A-1600-S1-3P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal current 1600 A with rear horizontal terminal location with poles expanders installed


OptiMat A-630-1600-S1-3P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal currents of 630-1600 A with rear vertical terminal location


| Rated current, $\mathbf{A}$ | S, mm |
| :---: | :---: |
| 630 | 5 |
| 800 | 10 |
| 1000 |  |
| 1250 |  |
| 1600 |  |



OptiMat A-630-1600-S2-3P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal currents of 630-1600-1600 A with rear vertical and horizontal terminal location



OptiMat A-630-1600-S2-4P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal currents of 630-1600 A with rear vertical and horizontal terminal location


OptiMat A-2000-S2-3P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal current of 2000 A with rear vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-2000-S2-4P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal current of 2000 A with rear vertical and horizontal terminal location


OptiMat A-630-2000-S2-3P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal currents of 630-2000 A with front terminal location


OptiMat A-2500-3200-S4-3P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal currents of 2500-3200 A with rear horizontal and vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-2500-3200-S4-4P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal currents of 2500-3200 A with rear horizontal and vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-2500-S4-3P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal current of 2500 A with front terminal location


OptiMat A-2500-S4-4P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal current of 2500 A with front terminal location


OptiMat A-4000-S4-3P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal current of 4000 A with with rear vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-4000-S4-4P circuit breaker of stationary version for nominal current of 4000 A with rear vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-630-1600-S1-3P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal currents of 630-1600 A with rear horizontal terminal location


Front panel frame


| Rated current, A | S, mm |
| :---: | :---: |
| 630 | 5 |
| 800 | 10 |
| 1000 | 15 |
| 1250 |  |
| 1600 |  |

With rear vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-1600-S1-3P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal current 1600 A with rear horizontal terminal location with poles expanders installed


Front panel frame


OptiMat A-630-1600-S2-3P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal currents of 630-1600 A with rear vertical and horizontal terminal location


OptiMat A-630-1600-S2-4P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal currents of 630-1600 A with rear vertical and horizontal terminal location


OptiMat A-2000-S2-3P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal current of 2000 A with rear vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-2000-S2-4P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal current of 2000 A with rear vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-630-2000-S2-3P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal currents of 630-2000 A with front terminal location


OptiMat A-630-2000-S2-4P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal currents of 630-2000 A with front terminal location


OptiMat A-2500-3200-S4-3P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal currents of 2500-3200 A with rear horizontal and vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-2500-3200-S4-4P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal currents of 2500-3200 A with rear horizontal and vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-2500-S4-3P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal current of 2500 A with front terminal location


OptiMat A-2500-S4-4P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal current of 2500 A with front terminal location


OptiMat A-4000-S4-3P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal current of 4000 A with rear vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-4000-S4-4P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal current of 4000 A with rear vertical terminal location


OptiMat A-5000-S5-3P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal current of 5000 A with rear horizontal terminal location


OptiMat A-6300-S6-3P circuit breaker of withdrawable version for nominal current of 6300 A with rear horizontal terminal location


## Power cables connection

When connecting power cables, weight of the cable and its mechanical pressure on circuit breaker's terminal should be considered:

- Elongated terminals shall have isolated support, and the cable shall be fastened on hard surface (Fig. 1). - When connecting several cables they should be secured to each other and fastened on the frame of fixed construction (Fig. 2).


Fig. 1


Fig. 2


Fig. 3

## Attachment of busbars

When installing busbars securing holes shall be placed such that they will be precisely aligned with the holes on circuit breaker terminals and not create breaking stress when being secured with bolts.
To prevent busbars camber and increased mechanical effect on circuit breaker terminals, the busbars shall be fastened with support isolators.


To provide bus system's resistance to the current electrodynamic effect, distance A shall not be more than:

| For design current of <br> short circuit, kA | Distance $A_{\text {, }}$ <br> $\mathbf{m m}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 350 |
| 50 | 300 |
| 65 | 250 |
| $80-100$ | 150 |

## Busbars attachment to the apparatus



1 - apparatus fastening screw;
2 - connector of circuit breaker;
3 - busbars:
4 - bolt;
5 - plate washers;

$$
6-\text { nut. }
$$

6 - nut.

## Sizing of busbars

| Overall dimension | Rated current, A | Copper busbars |  | Алюминиевые шины |  | Fasteners | Tightening torque, Nm |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity, pcs. | Section, $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | Quantity, pcs. | Section, $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ |  | Spring washer GOST 6402 | Cup washer GOST 3057 |
| S1 | 630 | 2 | $5 \times 40$ | 2 | $8 \times 50$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bolt } \\ \text { M10-6g×50.88.016 } \\ \text { GOST } 7798 \end{gathered}$ | 37,5 | 50 |
|  | 800 |  | $5 \times 50$ |  | $10 \times 50$ |  |  |  |
|  | 1000 |  | $5 \times 60$ |  | $10 \times 60$ |  |  |  |
|  | 1250 |  | $6 \times 60$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1600 |  | $10 \times 60$ | 4 | $10 \times 50$ |  |  |  |
| S2 | 630 | 2 | $5 \times 40$ | 2 | $8 \times 50$ | ```Bolt  GOST }779``` |  |  |
|  | 800 |  | $5 \times 50$ |  | $10 \times 50$ |  |  |  |
|  | 1000 |  | $5 \times 60$ |  | 10x60 |  |  |  |
|  | 1250 |  | $5 \times 80$ |  | $10 \times 50$ |  |  |  |
|  | 1600 |  | $5 \times 100$ | 4 | $10 \times 50$ |  |  |  |
|  | 2000 | 3 |  |  | $10 \times 60$ |  |  |  |
| S4 | 2500 | 4 | $5 \times 100$ | 5 | 10x80 | Bolt |  |  |
|  | 3200 | 2 | $10 \times 100$ | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { M12-6gx75.88.016 } \\ \text { GOST } 7798 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | 4000 | 3 | $10 \times 125$ | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bolt } \\ \text { M12-6g×120.88.016 } \\ \text { GOST } 7798 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 4 | $10 \times 100$ | - | - |  |  |  |
| S5 | 5000 | 7 | $10 \times 100$ | - | - |  |  |  |
| S6 | 6300 | 8 | $10 \times 100$ | - | - |  |  |  |

## Recommendations for installation of distributing gear

The table shows minimal distance between the air circuit breaker and metallic parts of distributing gear.

| Version of the circuit breaker | A, mm | B, mm |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Stationary | 70 | 150 |
| Withdrawable | 70 | 0 |



## Circuit breaker mounting into the switchboard with installation of the air circuit breaker frame

Frame of OptiMat A air circuit breaker is designed to provide access to the circuit breaker's operating controls and information, being displayed in the windows of the condition of circuit breaker mechanisms, when electrical cabinet door is closed. To provide correct installation and further operation it is necessary to perform the circuit breaker and its frame mounting according to the instructions given in the figures below.

## Overall and mounting dimensions of the frame of OptiMat A circuit breaker of withdrawable and stationary version

Front panel frame of stationary OptiMat A of S1 overall dimension for currents from 630 to 1600 A


Front panel frame of roll-out OptiMat A of S1 overall dimension for currents from 630 to 1600 A


Front panel frame of stationary OptiMat A of S2 overall dimension for currents from 630 to 2000 A




Front panel frame of
stationary OptiMat A of S4
overall dimension for currents from 2500 to 4000 A


Bottom part of the circuit breaker

Front panel frame of
stationary OptiMat A of S2 overall dimension for currents from 630 to 2000 A


Front panel frame of
stationary OptiMat A of S5,
S6 overall dimension for
currents from 5000 to 6000 A

Front panel frame of
stationary OptiMat A of S4
stationary OptiMat A of S4
overall dimension for currents from 2500 to 4000 A

## Mounting dimensions of the circuit breakers baskets with reference to the cells face panels



The installed switch and its frame allow operation with the circuit breaker in position of "Rolled in", as well as to change it and operate in position of "Test" (for circuit breakers of withdrawable version).
Rolling of the circuit breaker out into "rolled out" position with the cabinet door closed is not provided by the design and prohibited due to technical problems. The following offers figures with illustrate correct installation of circuit breakers of stationary and roll-out versions with reference to the cell face panel.

Side view of OptiMat A circuit breakers of stationary and roll-out versions after mounting into the cell with installation of frame



S5, S6 of withdrawable type with frame installed (side view)

Correctly installed circuit breaker and its frame allow to open cabinet's doors at the circuit breaker position of "Rolled in" and "Test".


[^0]:    ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ 2) Stationary version is available in all sizes except for $\mathrm{S} 5, \mathrm{~S} 6$.
    2) Rear vertical, front and combined connections are available for stationary and retractable versions of 2000 A circuit-breakers. Only rear vertical busbar connection is available for stationary and retractable versions of 4000 A circuit breakers. Only rear horizontal busbar connection is available for 5000 and 6300 A circuit breakers.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1)}$ See p. 191 for detailed description of accessories.
    ${ }^{2)}$ They are mutually exclusive items in S2, S4 dimension versions.
    ${ }^{3)}$ Mechanical interlock to be only installed on circuit breakers of withdrawable version.

